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## Claims

- 1. A method of controlling exposure in an x-ray apparatus, for imaging an object, the apparatus comprising an x-ray source and a displaceable detector being arranged to move with a controllable speed across an image exposure area, the method comprising the steps of:
  - starting a first scan and acquiring a signal relating to photons incident on at least a part of the detector,
- 10 comparing said acquired signal with a target value, and

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- controlling the displacement speed of detector with respect to the result of the comparison during said first scan.
- 2. The method of claim 1, wherein the target value is calculated from object thickness and spectrum incident on the object.
  - 3. The method of claim 1, wherein the signal is acquired from a discrete number of regions on said detector.
- 4. The method of claim 1, wherein the detector is a photon-counting detector and the signal is the counted number of photons.
  - 5. The method of claim 1, wherein the target signal is calculated to obtain a predefined signal to noise ratio (SNR).
  - 6. The method of claim 1, wherein a distance the detector moves between readouts defines pixels in the scan direction, first dimension, and in a second dimension, the detector comprises actual pixels.
- 7. The method of claim 1, wherein the detector functions as an exposure control as well as an image receptor.
  - The method of claim 4, wherein based on the number of photons collected in a predefined region of the detector the scan velocity is modified.

- 9. The method of claim 8, changing scan-speed with respect to a count rate change in said region for controlling the number of counts reached per a first dimension pixel.
- 10. The method of claim 8, comprising a feedback from the displaceable detectorbased on the count rate in said region.
  - 11. The method of claim 10, wherein said feedback is substantially real-time and controls the scan speed of the detector.
- 10 12. The method of claim 11, wherein the exposure of each point along an x-axis is controlled based on the count rate of the said region and thus the entire image has a controllable signal level along the first dimension at least in said region in the second dimension.
- 13. The method of claim 10, further comprising minimizing total scan time by areas not covered by dense objects being scanned faster and thus exposed shorter.
  - 14. The method of claim 1, wherein said detector itself is used to control the exposure.
- 20 15. A method of controlling exposure time in an x-ray apparatus, the method comprising the steps of:
  - a. setting a target signal (400),
  - b. setting a detector Region Of Interest (ROI) (401),
  - c. setting a start velocity (402),
  - d. start scanning (403),
    - e. collecting a signal from said ROI (404),
    - f. compensating the signal with respect to at least one of ROI size and efficiency (405),
    - g. comparing the signal with a target signal (S<sub>target</sub>) and calculating a new optimal velocity (406), and
    - h. setting a new velocity during said scanning.
  - 16. The method of claim 15, wherein said step e comprises reading a number of counted photons or SNR.

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- 17. The method of claim 15, wherein said x-ray apparatus is a photon counting device and the new velocity ( $V_{\text{new}}$ ) is calculated as  $V_{\text{new}} = V_{\text{old}} \times S_{\text{target}} / S_{\text{measured}}$ .
- 18. The method of claim 15, wherein in said step g, if target signal is higher than measured signal (406') then velocity is decreased (4061') otherwise old velocity is kept (4062').
  - 19. The method of claim 15, wherein said step g includes requiring new velocity to be at least higher than a pre-set minimum velocity.
  - 20. The method of claim 15, wherein depending detector size the velocity decreases (4061"), if the target signal is higher than the measured signal (406") otherwise the velocity is increased (4062").
- 15 21. The method of claim 15, comprising the alternative step g of:
  - collecting a compression height (h<sub>compression</sub>) data, projection and data about an examination type (4062'"),
  - collecting from previous examinations (4063"), based on previous step,
    typical examination object density profile ,
  - calculating (4064"') an optimal velocity profile based on estimation of said density profile and measured signals, and
  - o calculating new velocity based on the above data
  - 22. The method of claim 15, wherein said step of choosing the ROI includes:
- 25 deciding an scan direction,

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- choosing ROI that will enter the object first, and
- checking that ROI has sufficient number of detector elements working else choosing next appropriate ROI.
- 23. An arrangement for controlling exposure time in an x-ray apparatus (100), which comprises an x-ray source (110) and a displaceable detector (150), being arranged to be displaced with a controllable speed across an image exposure area, characterised in
- that the arrangement comprises means (802) for receiving detected signals by said detector, which includes a comparator unit for comparing said acquired signal with

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- a target value during a scan, and means (804) for controlling the speed of said detector displacement during said scan with respect to the result of the comparison.
- 24. The arrangement of claim 23, wherein said means for receiving detected signals is a processing unit and said means (804) for controlling the detector replacement is a motor controller.
  - 25. The arrangement of claim 23, wherein said displacement controller controls rotation of said detector having a rotation centre in said x-ray source.

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26. An X-ray apparatus (100) of a photon counting type, comprising an x-ray source (101) and a displaceable detector (105) being arranged to move with a controllable speed across an image exposure area, characterised by an arrangement for counting the number of photons detected by the detector, means (802) under a scanning movement for comparing the counted number of photons with a pre-set value, and means (803) for controlling the speed of detector displacement with respect to a result obtained from the density of an object to examined under said scanning movement.

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27. A computer useable medium having computer readable program code embodied therein to enable controlling exposure in an x-ray apparatus, when imaging an object, the apparatus comprising an x-ray source, a displaceable detector, the computer program code being arranged to control displacement of said detector array with a controllable speed across an image exposure area, the computer program code comprising: an instruction set for acquiring a signal relating to photons incident on at least a part of the detector under a scanning movement, an instruction set for comparing said acquired signal with a target value, and instruction set for controlling the speed of detector displacement with respect to the result of the comparison under said scanning movement.

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28. A computer useable medium having computer readable program code embodied therein to enable controlling exposure in an x-ray apparatus, for imagining an object, the apparatus comprising an x-ray source and a displaceable detector being arranged to move with a controllable speed across an image exposure area, said code comprising: a first instruction set for acquiring a signal relating to photons

incident on at least a part of the detector under a scanning movement, a second instruction set for comparing said acquired signal with a target value, and a third instruction set for controlling the speed of detector displacement with respect to the result of the comparison under said scanning movement.

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29. A computer program for controlling exposure in an x-ray apparatus, when imaging an object, the apparatus comprising an x-ray source, a displaceable detector, the computer program being arranged to control displacement of said detector array with a controllable speed across an image exposure area, the computer program comprising: an instruction set for acquiring a signal relating to photons incident on at least a part of the detector under said scanning movement, an instruction set for comparing said acquired signal with a target value, and instruction set for controlling the speed of detector displacement with respect to the result of the comparison under said scanning movement.

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30. A computer program for controlling exposure in an x-ray apparatus, for imagining an object, the apparatus comprising an x-ray source and a displaceable detector being arranged to move with a controllable speed across an image exposure area, said program comprising:

20 - a first instruction set for acquiring a signal relating to photons incident on at least a part of the detector under a scanning movement,

- a second instruction set for comparing said acquired signal with a target value, and
- a third instruction set for controlling the speed of detector displacement with respect to the result of the comparison under said scanning movement.